

Webinar

Board roles and responsibilities

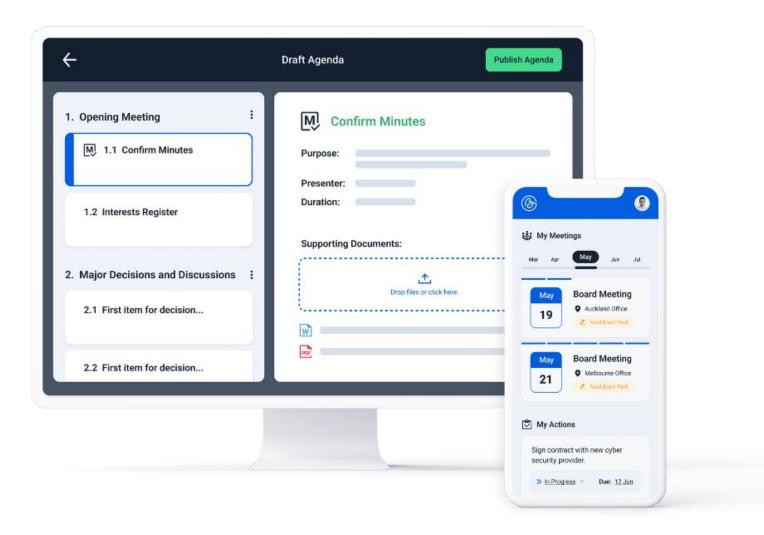
With Special Guest Margot Foster AM OLY

















Explore free governance resources for growing your organisation and adopting good governance practises. From meeting minutes templates to CEO reporting templates, our comprehensive guides and templates will cover your governance and business essentials.

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Slides, webinar video, transcript and slides will be sent to you. Sit back, relax and enjoy the conversation





Margot Foster AM OLY

Founder
Boardroom
Excellence
Australia



Lynda Carroll

CEO **Align Group**



Hand in Hand: Director Duties, Roles & Responsibilities



Director Obligations Founded in



Legislation



Constitution



Policies, charters, terms of reference

- Outies are obligations imposed by law
- Responsibilities are those tasks that fall to directors in order to achieve organisation outcomes





The Fundamental Duty of Trust



Directors are fiduciaries

A fiduciary is someone who has undertaken to act for and on behalf of another in a particular matter in circumstances which give rise to a relationship of trust and confidence."

Bristol & West Building Society v Mothew (1998) Ch 2 Lord Millett



Duties

Director Duties — what the law expects of you

Derived from common law, or judge made law, now codified into legislation



Corporations Act 2001

Australia



State Associations Incorporations Acts

Australia



Companies Act 1993

New Zealand



Incorporated Societies Act 2022

New Zealand

Duties are personal, ongoing, and can't be ignored or overlooked



Duties may apply to

Directors

01

De facto Directors

A person who acts as a director without formal appointment, may be involved in day to day management and participating in governance and decision-making

02

Shadow directors

Also not formally appointed but has an influence over and input into discussion and decision-making, not involved in day to day management and don't hold themselves out as directors

Persons whose instruction or direction the board follows







The objective standard is that of a reasonable person in the circumstances



You are expected to have sufficient financial skill, and a lack of skill doesn't reduce your duty



You must obtain the information necessary to be informed, objectively assess it and ask questions to understand the information



You can't take a backseat or outsource your responsibility to management



Other Duties

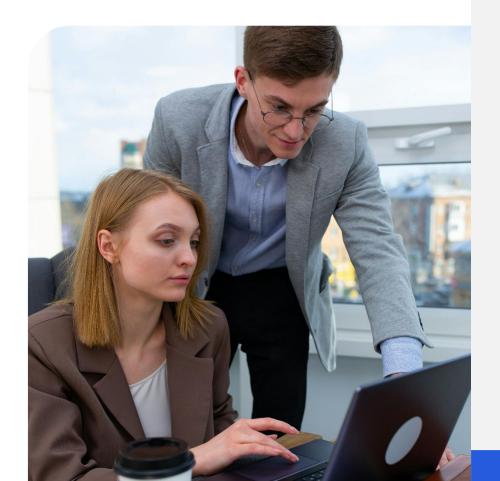


- i Act in good faith and for a proper purpose
- i Avoid conflicts of interest or conflicts of duty
- To not improperly use position or information
- (i) Avoid insolvent trading

Comply with the law and constitution: Ignorantia juris non excusat



Director Responsibilities



- Attend meetings and contribute
- Be familiar with the organisation's activities including key risks and compliance obligations
- Oversee and monitor affairs including the CEO and management
- Ensure policies are in place and up to date
- Set strategy
- Read and understand financial statements and board papers
- Make further inquiries when necessary.



Board Responsibilities

Shape

the organisation's strategic direction, long-term vision & goals

01

Steer

decision-making and key initiatives

02

Guide

the organisation's overall performance and accountability

03

Champion

good governance practices

04

Frame and Assess

risks and opportunities

05

Ensure

the organisation's legal and ethical compliance

06

Manage

stakeholder/member engagement and reporting

07



Board Responsibilities

Establish

Culture-building and organisational values: set the tone from the top

80

Employ

Manage and support the CEO's performance

09

Align & coordinate

The organisation's overall performance and accountability

10

Plan

For succession

11

Ensure

The organisation's financial performance and viability

12

Create

An environment for risk-aware decision-making

13

Drive

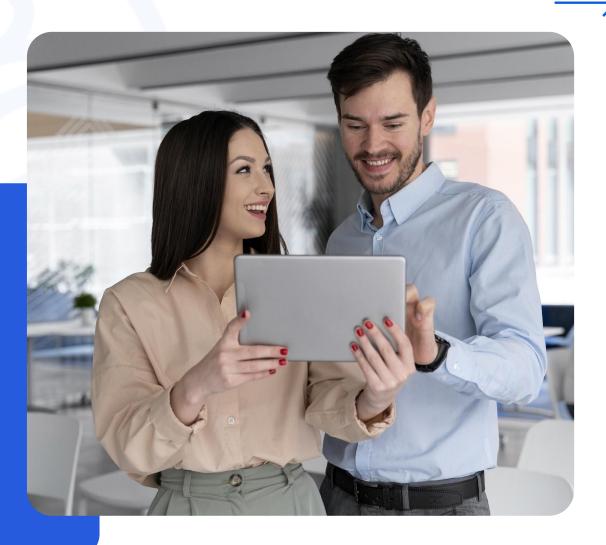
Continuous improvement and accountability in all board processes

14



Responsibilities & Duties In Action

- Reviewing and approving financial reports
 - ☐ Duties: Care, diligence, best interests
- Approving a major contract or purchase
 - ☐ Duties: Proper purpose, conflict of interest
- ✓ Hiring a new CEO
 - Duties: Best interests, fiduciary duty





Responsibilities & Duties In Action



Dealing with poor performance or internal conflict

Duties: Good faith, diligence



Speaking up in meetings

☐ Duties: Care, diligence, fiduciary duty



Approving meeting minutes

Duties: Care, diligence, fiduciary duty





What Directors Don't Do



- Manage staff; they are employed by the CEO who is their sole boss
- Run or become involved in day-to-day operations
- Micromanage the CEO
- Make solo decisions and purport to bind the board
- Speak on behalf of the board without authorisation
- Dominate meeting discussion and debate
- Breach board confidentiality





Margot Foster AM OLY

www.linkedin.com/in/margotfosteram



Lynda Carroll

www.linkedin.com/in//lynda-carroll-39b3a213



Thank you